

M.A. Political Science Syllabus (Effective from 2015 Admission Batch Onwards)

CREDIT BASED SYLLABUS

1ST SEMESTER (1ST YEAR)

PAPER-1: COMPARATIVE POLITICS- CONCEPTS AND METHODS

Unit I

Comparative Politics: Evolution, Nature and Scope

Unit II

Approaches: Behaviorism, Post-Behavioralism, David Easton's Systems Approach, Gabriel Almond's Structural-Functional Approach, Marxist Approach,

Unit III

Constitutionalism: Concepts, Problems and Limitations

State in Comparative Perspective: Capitalist, Socialist and Post-Colonial Societies

UNIT IV

Political Elite: Elitist Theory of Democracy

READINGS:

1. Caramani, Daniel(2008), Comparative Politics, OUP
2. Ronald Chilcote (1981) Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered, WestviewPress, Boulder.
3. Almond and Coleman (1960) The Politics of Developing Areas, Princeton University Press, Princeton.
4. Almond and Powell (1966) Comparative Politics: A Developmental Approach, Amerind Pub, New Delhi
5. David Easton, The Political System,
6. Rod Hague and Martin Harrop, Comparative Government and Politics: An Introduction, Palgrave, 2001(5th Edition)
7. Howard Wiardo(ed) New Directions in Comparative Politics, OUP Boulder, 2002
8. Neera Chandoke,(1995) State and Civil Society, Sage , ND
9. T.B Bottomore(1985) Elites and Society, Penguin.
10. Peter Evans, Theda Skocpel et al (1999), Bringing the State Back In, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
11. S.P. Verma, Modern Political Theory, Vikas Publishing, Third Reprint, 1996
12. S. N. Ray, Comparative Politics
13. Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilani (2002) Civil Society, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
14. Adrian Leftwich (2000) States of Development: On the Primacy of Politics in Development, Polity Press, and Cambridge

PAPER-2 : ADMINISTRATIVE THEORY: PRINCIPLES AND APPROACHES

Unit-I

Nature, Scope and Approaches to the study of Public Administration, Public and Private Administration, Role of Public Administration in Developed and Developing countries.

Unit-II

Theories of Organization: Traditional Theory, Scientific Management Theory, Bureaucratic Theory, Human Relations Theory.

Unit-III

Administrative Management: Leadership (types, functions, Theories), Decision Making, Motivation, Communication.

Unit-IV

Concepts of Public Administration: Comparative Public Administration (Nature, Issues and Characteristics) Dimensions of New Public Administration, New Public Management, Development Administration: Nature, Issues and Characteristics, Riggs's Model, Citizens Participation in Administration.

Readings:

1. P. H. Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Alabama Press, 1957.
2. R. K. Arora, Comparative Public Administration, New Delhi, Asia Publishing House, 1972.
3. Avasthi and S. R. Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.
4. P. Bhambri, Administrators in a Changing Society, Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1971.
5. M. Bhattacharya, Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.
7. ———, Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation, New Delhi, Jawahar, 1999.
8. G. E. Caiden, Dynamics of Public Administration: Guidelines to Current Transformation in Theory and Practice, New York, Holt, 1971.
9. Theory and Practice, New York, Holt, 1971.
10. B. K. Dey, Personnel Administration in India: Retrospective Issues, Prospective Thought, New Delhi, Uppal, 1991.
11. New Delhi, Uppal, 1991.
12. M. E. Dimock, and G.O. Dimock, Public Administration, Oxford, I.B.H. Publishing Co., 1975.

PAPER-3: INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS: MAJOR CONCEPTS AND THEORIES

Unit 1

Contending theories and approaches to the study of International Relations: Idealism, Realism, Neo-Realism, Kaplan's Systems theory, Decision-Making theory and Game Theory

Unit II

Key Concepts in International Relations: Power, Power base elements. Measurement and limitations; National interest and Relevance of Ideology

Unit III

Balance of Power and Theories of Deterrence

Unit IV

Nuclear Proliferation and Disarmament, War and Pacifism, Conflict resolution and transformation

READINGS:

1. J Baylis and S. Smith, The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations
2. Charles W. Kegley Jr and Eugene R. Wittkopf, World Politics
3. R. Gilpin, Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order
4. A Wendt, Social Theory of International Politics
5. K. Waltz, Theory of International Politics
6. S. Burchill and others, Theories of International Relations
7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations
8. Thomas Diez, Bode and others, Key Concepts in International Relations
9. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics
10. Tim Dunne, Kurki and Steve Smith, International Relations Theories
11. J. E. Dougherty and others, Contending Theories of International Relations
12. C. Reus-Smith and Duncan Snidal, The Oxford Handbook of International Relations

PAPER-4: SELECT POLITICAL THINKERS I

Unit I

Plato & Aristotle

Unit II

Machiavelli & Hobbes

Unit III

Locke & Rousseau

Unit IV

Bentham & J.S. Mill

READINGS:

1. F.W. Coker, Recent Political Thought, the World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta, 1971.
2. Hacker, Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology, Science, Macmillan, New York, 1961.
3. J.H. Hallowell, Main Currents in Modern Political Thought, Holt, New York, 1960.

4. George, H. Sabine, A History of Political Theory, Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing, New Delhi, 1973 (English & Hindi)
5. C.L. Wayper, Political Thought, New Delhi, 1989 (Revised Edition) (English & Hindi).
6. D.Germino, Modern Western Political Thought: Machiavelli to Marx, Chicago University Press, Chicago, 1972.

IIND SEMESTER (1ST YEAR)

PAPER-5 : Indian Government and Politics: Basics /Political Ideologies/ Culture and Politics in India

Unit-I: Indian government and politics: basics

Nation-Building in India: Theoretical, Historical, Cultural perspective, National Movements in India.

Unit-II: Making of the Indian Constitution: The Constituent Assembly -Background, Composition, Nature and its working, Ideological Contents: Preamble, Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles of State Policy.

Unit-III: Distinctiveness of Indian Secularism, Constitution as an instrument of social change: Constitutional Amendments

Unit-IV: Federalism and its working: Nature, the Areas of Tension in Centre-State relations, Demands for State Autonomy, Separatist Movements,

Unit- V: Executive and Central Administration: President, Prime Minister, council of ministers, Union Territories: Administration, Critical Appreciation

READINGS:

1. Singh, M.P. and Rekha Saxena(2011), Indian Politics Constitutional Foundations and Institutional Functioning, New Delhi: Prentice Hall India Learning.
2. Fadia, B.L.(2011), "Indian Government and Politics", Agra: Sahitya Bhawan Publications.
3. Hasan , Zoya & E.Sridharan et al(eds.)(2002), " India's Living Constitution: Ideas,Practices, Controversies", Delhi :Permanent Black.
4. Pandey, J.N.(2003), "Constitutional Law of India", Allahabad: Central Law Agency.
5. Kashyap, Subhash C. (ed.)(2004), "Constitutional Reforms: Problem, Prospects and Perspectives", New Delhi: Radha Pub.
6. Noorani, A.G.(2000), "Constitutional questions in India: the president, parliament and the states", New Delhi: Oxford Univ. Press.
7. Mohanty, Biswaranjan(2009), "Constitution, government and politics in India", New Delhi: New Century Pub.
8. Chaube, Shibanikinkar(2000), " Constituent Assembly of India springboard of revolution", New Delhi: Manohar Publishers & Distributors.
9. C. Taylor, Multiculturalism: Examining the Politics of Recognition, edited by J.P. Mayer and M. Lerner, New York, Harper, London, Fontana, 1968.

11. Brass, P.R., *Ethnicity and Nationalism – Theory and Comparison*, Sage Publication, New Delhi, 1991
12. R. Thakur, *The Government & Politics of India*, Macmillan, London, 1995

PAPER-6: COMPARATIVE POLITICAL PROCESSES

Unit I

Political Culture: Theories and Critique, Political socialization and Communication.

Unit II

Political Change: Revolution: Theories and Types; Social movements; Theories, New Social Movements

Unit III

Development: Theories of Modernization, Underdevelopment, Dependency, World Systems

Unit IV

Political Representation and Participation: Political parties, Pressure Groups, Public Policy Making; Role of Legislature, Executive, Judiciary; Civil Society and its Role

READINGS:

1. Ronald Chilcote (1994) *Theories of Comparative Politics: The Search for a Paradigm Reconsidered*, WestviewPress, Boulder.
2. Huntington, Samuel, (1968) *Political Order in Changing Societies*, Yale University Press, New Haven, Neera Chandoke,(1995) *State and Civil Society*, Sage , ND
3. T.B Bottomore(1985) *Elites and Society*, Penguin.
4. Peter Evans, Theda Skocpel et al (1999), *Bringing the State Back In*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
5. S.P. Verma, *Modern Political Theory*, Vikas Publishing, Third Reprint, 1996
6. Sudipta Kaviraj and Sunil Khilani (2002) *Civil Society*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
7. Adrian Leftwich (2000) *States of Development: On the Primacy of Politics in Development*, Polity Press, and Cambridge
8. L.W. Pye and S. Verba (ed.), *Political Culture and Political Development*, Princeton University Press, Princeton NJ, 1976.
9. G. Sartori, *Parties and Party Systems: A Framework for Analysis*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1976.
10. H.J. Wiarda, *New Development in Comparative Politics*, Colorado, West-View Press, Boulder, 1986.

PAPER-7: GLOBAL POLITICS: CONTEMPORARY CHALLENGES AND ISSUES

Unit I

Cold War, End of Cold War; Uni polarity, American Hegemony and Global Order

Unit II

Functionalism and Neo- Functionalism: Approaches to National Integration and World Government.

Unit III

Contemporary global concerns: Global Environmental Issues, Gendering World Politics and International Terrorism

Unit IV

United Nations: A Critical Assessment of its envisaged role and functions; Peace and Security Challenges, Human Rights and Humanitarian Intervention

READINGS:

1. J Baylis and S. Smith, *The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations*
2. Charles W. Kegley Jr and Eugene R. Wittkopf, *World Politics*
3. R. Gilpin, *Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order*
4. A Wendt, *Social Theory of International Politics*
5. K. Waltz, *Theory of International Politics*
6. S. Burchill and others, *Theories of International Relations*
7. Chris Brown, *Understanding International Relations*
8. Thomas Diez, Bode and others, *Key Concepts in International Relations*
9. Andrew Heywood, *Global Politics*
10. Tim Dunne, Kurki and Steve Smith, *International Relations Theories*
11. James N Rosenau, *International Politics and Foreign Policy: a reader in research and theory*
12. Thomas Homer Dixon, *Environment, Scarcity and Conflict*

PAPER-8 : CONTEMPORARY DEBATES IN POLITICAL THEORY

Unit I: Liberalism, Socialism, Marxism, Neo-Marxism

Unit II: Modernism, Post Modernism, Feminism;

Unit-III: Environmentalism, Multiculturalism, Fascism,

Unit IV: Role of Ideology; End of Ideology

Unit V: Theories of Change: Lenin, Mao and Gandhi, Communitarianism,

READINGS:

1. B. Parekh, *Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political theory*. Macmillan Press, London, 2000
2. E. Said, *Orientalism*, Chatto and Windus, London, 1978
3. C. Taylor, *Multiculturalism : Examining the Politics of Recognition*, edited by J.P. Mayer and M. Lerner, New York, Harper, London, Fontana, 1968.
4. S.K. White, *Political Theory and Postmodernism*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1991
5. I.M. Young, *Justice and the Politics of Difference*, Princeton University Press, Oxford, 1990.

6. A. Ahmed, *In Theory: Classes, Nations, Literatures*, Verso, London, 1992.
7. J.B. Elshtain, *Public Man, Private Man: Women in Social and Political Thought*, Princeton University Press, Princeton NJ, 1981.
8. R. Guha and G.C. Spivak, *Selected Subaltern Studies*. Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1988.
9. R. Young, *White Mythologies: Writing History and the West*, Routledge, London, 1990

PAPER-9: SELECT POLITICAL THINKERS II

Unit I

Hegel & T.H Green

Unit II

Karl Marx & Lenin

Unit III

Gramsci & Nozick

Unit IV

Gandhi & Mao

READINGS:

1. F.W. Coker, *Recent Political Thought*, The World Press Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta, 1971.
2. Hacker, *Political Theory: Philosophy, Ideology, Science*, Macmillan, New York, 1961.
3. J.H. Hallowell, *Main Currents in Modern Political Thought*, Holt, New York, 1960.
4. George, H. Sabine, *A History of Political Theory*, Oxford and I.B.H. Publishing, New Delhi, 1973 (English & Hindi)
5. C.L. Wayper, *Political Thought*, New Delhi, 1989 (Revised Edition) (English & Hindi).
6. D.Germino, *Modern Western Political Thought: Machiavelli to Marx*, Chicago University Press, Chicago, 1972.

IIIRD SEMESTER (2ND YEAR)

7. PUBLIC ADMINISTRATION AND MANAGEMENT

Unit-I

Financial Administration: The Budget (Types, Preparation and Implementation of budget), Performance Budgeting, Zero base Budgeting, Audit, Planning, Political Economy and Globalization- Role of Transnational Companies (TNCS) and Multinational Companies (MNCS)

Unit-II

Major Issues in Administration: Relationship between Permanent Executive and Political Executive, Generalist –Specialist Controversy, Public Policy in India- Economic Liberalization Model (Privatization, Marketization, Disinvestment, Corporate Governance).

Unit-III

Personnel Management: Recruitment, Training and Development, Employees Morale, Worker's Participation in Management, Conflict Management, Employee-Employer Relationships.

Unit-IV

Civil Service Conduct: Neutrality and Anonymity, Role, Accountability and Legislative Control- Legislative, Executive and Judicial, New Trends: Good Governance, Citizen's Charter, E-Governance, Time Bound Service, Corruption handling mechanism – Lokpal and Lokayukta

READINGS:

1. P. H. Appleby, Policy and Administration, Alabama University of Alabama Press, 1957.
2. R. K. Arora, Comparative Public Administration, New Delhi, Asia Publishing House, 1972.
3. Avasthi and S. R. Maheswari, Public Administration, Agra, Lakshmi Narain Aggarwal, 1996.
4. P. Bhambri, Administrators in a Changing Society, Bureaucracy and Politics in India, Delhi, Vikas, 1971.
5. M. Bhattacharya, Public Administration: Structure, Process and Behaviour, Calcutta, The World Press, 1991.
6. ———, Restructuring Public Administration: Essays in Rehabilitation, New Delhi, Jawahar, 1999.
7. G. E. Caiden, Dynamics of Public Administration: Guidelines to Current Transformation in Theory and Practice, New York, Holt, 1971.
8. B. K. Dey, Personnel Administration in India: Retrospective Issues, Prospective Thought, New Delhi, Uppal, 1991.
9. M. E. Dimock, and G.O. Dimock, Public Administration, Oxford, I.B.H. Publishing Co., 1975.
10. ——— Administrative Vitality: The Conflict with Bureaucracy, New York, Harper, 1959.

8. POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY: CONCEPTS AND ISSUES

Unit 1

Seminal Ideas of Karl Marx and Max Weber.

Unit I

Sociological Ideas of Emile Durkheim and Talcott Parsons.

Unit III

Elite: Theories of Circulation of Elites- Mosca, Pareto, C.Wright Mills; Pluralistic Critique

Unit IV

Political Participation, Political Communication, Social Stability, Social Change and Social Conflict, - Theories and Process.

READINGS:

1. Robert E. Dowse and John Hughes, Political Sociology, London 1972
2. Michael Ross and Phillip Althoff, An Introduction to Political sociology, London 1972.
3. Lewis A. Coser(ed) Political Sociology, New York 1966
4. Lewis A. Coser, Masters Of Sociological Thought, Rawat Publications , Jaipur, 1996
5. Robert A. Dahl, Modern Political Analysis, New Jersey, 1970.
6. L. Milbraith, Political Participation, Chicago, 1985.
7. Karl Deutsch, The Nerves of Government, New York, 1968.
8. Lucian Pye(ed) Communication and Political development, New Delhi, 1972
9. J.K. Baral and S. Baral, Political Sociology, Vidhyapuri, 2009

9. HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA

Unit-I The Concept of Human Rights

- a. Western
- b. In the Third World Context

Unit-II Human Rights and Constitutional - Legal Framework in India

- a. Fundamental Rights
- b. Directive Principles of State Policy
- c. Protection of Human Rights Act, 1993

Unit-III Human Rights: Issues and Challenges

- a. Refugees and Displaced Persons
- b. Caste
- c. Minorities
- d. Women
- e. Children
- f. Tribals, Landless, Bonded Labour, Unorganised Labour and Peasants
- g. Undertrials, Prisoners and P.O.W's
- h. People with Disability

Unit-IV State Response to Human Rights

- a. Role of Police, Administration, Army and Paramilitary Forces
- b. Administration of Justice, Judicial Intervention and Activism, Judicial Commissions on Human Rights

- c. Affirmative Action for Weaker Sections
- d. Development Strategies
- e. Civil Society and Human Rights , Media, Public Opinion and Human Rights , New Social Movements and NGO's , Democracy, Development and Human Rights in India

READINGS:

1. Alston Philip, *The United Nations and Human Rights-A Critical Appraisal*, Oxford, Clarendon, 1995.
2. Baxi, Upendra (ed.), *The Right to be Human*, Delhi, Lancer, 1987 Beetham, David edited, *Politics and Human Rights*, Oxford, Blackwell, 1995
3. Desai, A R. (ed), *Violations of Democratic Rights in India*, Bombay, Popular Prakashan, 1986.
4. Evans, Tony, *The Politics of Human Rights: A Global Perspective*, London, Pluto Press, 2001. Haragopal, G, *Good Governance: Human Rights, Perspective*, Indian Journal of Public Administration, Vol. 44 (3), July-September,1998.
5. Hargopal. G. *Political Economy of Human Rights*, Hyderabad, Himalaya, 1999. Human Rights in India- *The Updated Amnesty International Reports*, Delhi, Vistaar Iyer, V.R. Krishna, *The Dialectics and Dynamics of Human Rights in India*, Delhi, Eastern Law House, 1999.
6. Kothari, Smitu and Sethi, Harsh (eds.), *Rethinking Human Rights*, Delhi, Lokayan, 1991. Saksena, K.P. edited, *Human Rights: Fifty Years of India's Independence*, Delhi, Gyan, 1999.
7. Subramanian, S., *Human Rights: International Challenges*, Delhi, Manas, 1997.

10. SOCIETY AND POLITY IN INDIA

Unit 1

Society in India: Elements of Diversity; Problems of National Integration

Unit II

Social Stratification In India: Caste and Class; The Backward Classes, Reservation Issue

Unit III

Social Change in India: Factors and Areas of Change; Processes of Change; Sanskritization, Westernization.

UNIT IV

Modernization in India: Features; Major sources and means of Modernization: Industrialization, urbanization, Mass Media and Education, Political Change in India: Crisis of Govern ability

READINGS:

1. Atul Kohli (1991) *Democracy and Discontent: India's Growing Crisis of Governability*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.
2. Atul Kohli (1988) (ed) *India's Democracy: An Analysis of Changing State Society Relations*, Orient Longman
3. Atul Kohli (2001) *The Success of India's Democracy*, Cambridge University Press
4. Atul Kohli (1987) *The State and Poverty in India: The Politics of Reform*, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge.

5. Atul Kohli (2009) *Democracy and Development in India: From Socialism to Pro-Business*, OUP, 2009.
6. Amrita basu and A. Kohli (ed) (1998) *Community Conflicts and the State in India*, (OUP, N.Delhi)
7. Amiya Bagchi (ed) *Democracy and Development*, Macmillan, 1995
8. Jean Dreze' and Amartaya Sen (2002) *India: Development and Participation*, OUP, 2002.
9. Jean Dreze' and Amartaya Sen (1998)(ed) *Indian Development : Selected Perspectives*, OUP
10. Partha Chatterjee (ed) *State and Politics in India*, OUP, N.Delhi, 1997
11. Paul Brass(1990) *Politics in India Since Independence*, OUP, 1990.
12. Paul Brass(1991) *Ethnicity and Nationalism in India: Theory and Practice*, Sage, N Delhi.

11. GENDER AND POLITICS

Unit-I

Women and Public Policy

Unit-II

Women and Politics: Global Patterns

Unit-III

Gender and the Human Rights debate

Unit-IV

Gender and Human Development, Health, Population policy and Gender.

READINGS:

1. Haleh Arshar (ed.) *Women and Politics in the Third World*, London: Routledge. 1996
2. United Nations 2000 *The World's Women 2000: Trends and Statistics*, New York: United Nations
3. Vandana Shiva, *Staying Alive: Women Ecology and Development in India*, New Delhi: Kali for Women, 1998
4. Nivedita Menon, *Gender and Politics in India*, New York, OUP, 1999
5. Vandana Shiva (ed) *Close to Home: Women Reconnect, Ecology, Health and Development Worldwide*, Philadelphia New Society Publishers 1994

12. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND STATISTICAL METHODS

Unit 1

Social and Political Research: Meaning, Objective, Motivating Factors and Types
Scientific Method: Characteristics, Steps/Process and Limitations.

Unit II

Research Design: Meaning, Components, Identifying and Planning Research, Report Writing Hypothesis: Meaning, Types, Sources, Formulation and Functions of Hypothesis.

Unit III

Survey Methods: Meaning, Types Steps and Limitations, Observations, Questionnaire and Interviewing, Sampling: Meaning, Types and Selection of Samples

Unit-IV

Data Analysis: Content Analysis, Report Writing, Basic Statistical Concepts: Use and Limitations, Frequency and Percentage Distribution, Basic Statistical Techniques:

Measures of Central Tendency, Standard Deviation, Correlation, Coefficients, and Chi-Square Test

READINGS:

1. Goode, W.J. and Paul Iyatt, 1952: Methods in Social Research, New York, McGrawhill.
2. Merton R.K. 1968 Social Theory and Social Structure, New Delhi: Amerind.
3. Bajaj and Gupta 1972 Elements of Statistics, New Delhi; R. Chand & Com.
4. Beteille, Andre, and Madan T.N. 1979: Encounter and experience: Personal accounts of field work, New Delhi Vikas.
5. Shipman, Martin, 1988, The Limitations of Social Research, London, Sage.
6. Bose, Pradeep Kumar 1995; Research Methodology, N.D.
7. Mukherjee, P.N. (eds.) 2000: Methodology ICSSR in Social Research; Dilemmas and perspectives; New Delhi, Sage.

16. CONTEMPORARY POLITICAL THEORY

Unit 1

Nature and Approaches to the Study of Political Theory, Decline and Resurgence of Political theory; Behaviouralism and Post- Behaviouralism

Unit II

Theories of State: Liberal, Neo-Liberal, Marxist, Pluralist, Post-Colonial and Feminist

Unit III

Theories of Democracy: Classical and Contemporary Models of Democracy: Representative, Participatory and Deliberative

Unit IV

Justice: Meaning and Theories, State and Civil society

READINGS:

1. Parekh, B. Rethinking Multiculturalism: Cultural Diversity and Political theory. Macmillan Press, London, 2000
2. E. Said, Orientalism, Chatto and Windus, London, 1978
3. C. Taylor, Multiculturalism: Examining the Politics of Recognition, edited by J.P. Mayer and M. Lerner, New York, Harper, London, Fontana, 1968.
4. S.K. White, Political Theory and Postmodernism, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1991
5. I.M. Young, Justice and the Politics of Difference, Princeton University Press, Oxford, 1990.

17. CULTURE AND POLITICS IN INDIA

Unit-I

Pre-Colonial and Colonial conception of Society

Unit-II

The Modern Self

Unit-III

Cultural Nationalism: Conceptions of Identity, Past and Violence

Unit-IV

Culture and Subaltern Resistance, Literature, Cinema and Nationalism , Urban Cultures

READINGS:

1. Dipesh Chakrabarty, Provincializing Europe: Postcolonial Thought and Historical Difference, Princeton University Press, Princeton, 2000.
2. J.N. Mohanty, The Self and its Other: Philosophical Essays, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2001.
3. Chetan Bhatt, Hindu Nationalism: Origins, Ideology and Modern Myths, Berg, Oxford, 2001.
4. Madhav Prasad, The Ideology of Hindi Films, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2000.
5. Janaki Nair, The Promise of the Metropolis: Bangalore's Twentieth Century, Oxford University Press, Delhi, 2005.

19. CONTEMPORARY INTERNATIONAL STUDIES: CONCEPTS AND CHALLENGES

Unit 1

State as an actor: Challenges of Globalization and Information revolution, New World Order, Contending Images of global Future

Unit II

Inter-Paradigm Debate in International relations: Liberalism Vs Neo- Liberalism, Neo-Neo Debate, Constructivism and Post-Structuralism.

Unit III

Post-Positivist approaches: Critical Theory, Post- Modern Marxism, Post- Modern Feminism.

Unit IV

Alternative Perspectives on Security: Environmental Security, Peace and Development, Human Security and Security Privatization, Political Economy of International Relations: Dependency Theory, World System Analysis, New Imperialism debate.

READINGS:

1. J Baylis and S. Smith, The Globalization of World Politics: An Introduction to International Relations
2. Charles W. Kegley Jr and Eugene R. Wittkopf, World Politics
3. R. Gilpin, Global Political Economy: Understanding the International Economic Order
4. A Wendt, Social Theory of International Politics
5. K. Waltz, Theory of International Politics
6. S. Burchill and others, Theories of International Relations
7. Chris Brown, Understanding International Relations
8. Thomas Diez, Bode and others, Key Concepts in International Relations
9. Andrew Heywood, Global Politics
10. Tim Dunne, Kurki and Steve Smith, International Relations Theories

11. J. E. Dougherty and others, *Contending Theories of International Relations*
12. C. Reus-Smith and Duncan Snidal, *The Oxford Handbook of International Relations*

20. ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT: POLICY AND POLITICS

Unit-I Environment and Development: An Introduction

- a. Environmental Philosophies, Politics and Ethics
- b. Historical Legacies: Continuities and Discontinuities in India
- c. Understanding the Environment in India.

Unit-II State, Market, Community & Local Governments

- a. State: Hardin and the Tragedy of the Commons
- b. Market: Pricing for Sustainability
- c. Community & Local Government Management: A Developing Country Perspective

Unit-III Policy, Politics, Institutions and Resources

- a. Forests: State, Trade & Community
- b. Biodiversity, protected areas & people
- c. Irrigation- Dams & Canals: State, Science & Inequities
- d. Groundwater Management & Rainwater Harvesting
- e. Agriculture, Soil Management & Cash Crops: implications for environment and women's lives
- f. Displacement and Resettlement: power, culture and resistance
- g. Industrialization, Urbanization & Pollution: institutional challenges
- h. Pastoralists & Nomads: taming of mobile livelihoods

Unit-IV Poverty-Environment Inter-linkages:

- a. Enhancing Livelihoods
- b. Reducing Environmental Health Risks
- c. Reducing Vulnerability to Environmental Hazards
- d. Caste, Gender and Environment
- e. Environmental and Social Movements

READINGS:

1. Arnold, David & Guha, Ramachandra (ed), *Nature, Culture & Imperialism: Essays on the Environmental History of South Asia*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996.
2. Baviskar, Amita, *In the Belly of the River*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1996
3. Dryzek, John S., *The Politics of the Earth: Environmental Discourses*, Oxford, Oxford University Press, 1997.
4. Guha, Ramachandra & Alier, Juan Martinez. *Varieties of Environmentalism: Essays North & South*, London, Earthscan, 1997.
5. Guha, Ramachandra, *Environmentalism*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2000.
6. Guha, Ramachandra, *The Unquiet Woods*, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 1992.
7. Johnston, R. J. *Nature, State and Economy: A Political Economy of the Environment*.
8. Chichester, John Wiley & Sons, 1996. McCully, Patrick, *Silenced Rivers: The Ecology and Politics of Large Dams*, New Jersey, Zed Books, 1996
9. Ostrom, Elinor, *Governing the Commons: The Evolution of Institutions for Collective Action*. Cambridge, Cambridge University Press, 1990.
10. Redclift, Michael. *Political Economy of Environment: Red & Green Alternatives*. London. Methun, 1987
11. Shiva, Vandana, *Staying Alive: Women, Ecology & Survival in India*. New Delhi, Kali for Women, 1989. Taylor, Charles, 'Two Theories of Modernity', in *Public Culture* 11(1):153-74,

Elective Discipline Free

Organizational Behavior

Unit-1

- Organization and Behaviour- The concept Analysis, Organizational Structure and Design
- Organizational Culture and Development, Meaning, Nature and Challenges,
- Organizational: Structure and Design, International Organizational Behaviour.

Unit-II

- Management Science: Definition, Nature and Purpose, Need for Management, Function
- of Managers, The Challengers of Management in 21st Century and Managers New Role
- Global and Comparative Management.

Unit-III

- Management Theory and Approaches: Classical Theory(Fayol), Scientific , Management Theory (Taylor), Human Relations Theory, Approaches to Management. Planning, Decision-making,
- Motivation, Leadership, Communication, Control.

Unit-IV

- Trade Unionism, Workers' Participation, Conflict Management, Total Quality
- Management, Strategic Management and Management of Change.

Women in India

Unit-I

Historical Perspective of Ancient India

- a. Medieval India
- b. Modern India
- c. Reform movements in pre independence India , Brahma Samaj, Arya Samaj, Aligarh Movement, Theosophical Movement, Sri Narayan Movement and self respect movement.

Unit-II

Theories of feminism

- a. Meaning and Definition
- b. Liberal Feminism
- c. Marxist
- d. Feminism, Psycho- analytical feminism, Socialist Feminism, Existential Feminism
Radical Feminism, Post Modern Feminism, Indian thinking on feminism

Unit- III Women and Law

- a. Customary legal status
- b. Status of women in Post Independent India
- c. Women in Tribal Societies
- d. Women and personal law(Hindu/Muslim/Christian)
- e. Women and property right.

Unit-IV Women and Work

- a. Women and Work (Household, Agriculture, Industry, Profession), Education and Women
- b. Primary and Secondary Education, Higher Education and Professional Education.
- c. Women movement in post independent India

Development Administration

Unit-I

- Development Administration: Conceptual Analysis, Scope, Growth and Significance
- Development.
- Development Strategy and Planning: Mixed Economy Model; Goals of Development,
- National Planning, State Planning, and District Planning.

Unit-II

- Decentralization and Development: Concept of Decentralization, Decentralized Planning,
- Role of Voluntary Agencies, Cooperative and Specialized Development Agencies.

Unit-III

- Citizens participation in Development, Peoples Empowerment, Women Empowerment,
- Welfare Administration of Scheduled Caste, Schedule Tribe.

Unit-IV

- Bureaucracy and Development, Changing role of block Development Officer, Other
- Development Officials at District and Block Level.

Disaster Management

Unit-I

- Disaster and its type, Flood Draught, Cyclone, Geographical Disaster, Earthquake
- Landslide, Avalanches, Volcanic Eruptions, Climatic Disaster-Heat and Cold Wave
- Climate Change, Global Warming, Sea level Rise, Ozone Depletion

Unit-II

- Manmade Disaster- Nuclear Disaster, Chemical Disaster, Biological Disaster, building
- Fire, Coal Fire, Oil Fire, Air Pollution, Water Pollution, Industrial Pollution,
- Deforestation, Rail & Road Accidents, Air & Sea Accidents.

Unit-III

- Disaster Preparedness, Disaster Prevention, Preparation and Mitigation, Disaster
- Information, System, Megha Satellite, Role of Various Agencies in Disaster Mitigation- National level and State levels.

Unit-IV

- Disaster Response: Disaster Medicine, Rehabilitation, Reconstruction and Recovery.

Freedom Struggle/ National Movements

Unit-I

British Imperialism in India a Theoretical Perspective, Stages of Colonialism and Changes in Administrative Structure and Policies, effects of Colonialism. Approaches to Nationalism: Conceptual debates, The Revolt of 1857: Causes Nature and Results, Growth of National Consciousness and political Associations before 1885.

Unit- II

Formation of Congress: Its Ideology and propaganda in early phase, Rise and growth of Extremism and Revolutionary Terrorism (Early Phase till 1918), Swadeshi Movement in Bengal and Extremist Moderate Conflict and the Surat Split, 1907, Home Rule Movement and Ghadar Movement, Non - Cooperation and Khilafat Movements.

Unit.III

Swaraj Party, Civil Disobedience Movement, Revolutionary Terrorism (after 1919), Rise and Growth of Left Movement: Congress Socialist Party and Communist party of India. Growth of Communalism (1906-1937), Elections- Congress Ministry in Provinces.

Unit-IV

Growth of Communalism: Pakistan Movement, Muslim League and Hindu Mahasabha, State People' s Movement, Outbreak of the Second World War and Nationalist Movement: Individual Civil Disobedience Movement, Cripps's Proposal, Quit India Movement, INA and Subash Chandra Bose, End of Second World War and Elections, Simla Conference and Cabinet Mission Plan, Partition and Independence

IVTH SEMESTER

21. Indian Political Ideas

Unit I

Manu & Kautilya

Unit II

Tilak& Aurobindo Ghosh

Unit III

Mahatma Gandhi & B.R. Ambedkar

Unit IV

J.L.Nehru. & J.P. Narayan

READINGS:

1. Thomas Pantham and Kenneth Deutsch(ed) Political Thought in Modern India, Sage, 1986
2. B.N. Ray, Tradition and Innovation in Indian Political Thought, Delhi 1998
3. U.N. Ghoshal, A History of Indian Political Ideas , OUP, 1996
4. V.P. Verma Modern Indian political thought, Agra, 1998
5. M.S. Gore, The Social Context of an Ideology: Ambedkar's Political and Social Thought, Sage, 1999
6. Michael FBrecher, Nehru: A Political Biography
7. V. R. Mehta, Foundations of India's Political Thought, New Delhi, 1996
8. J.K. Baral, Indian Political Tradition, Macmillan, 2004

22.INDIA AND THE WORLD

Unit-I India and the International Economy

- a. Traditional Foreign Economic Policy
- b. Liberalization and Globalization: Imperatives and Critical Evaluation
- c. India and the W.T.O with special reference to TRIPS, TRIMS and Social Clauses
- d. Relations with IMF; World Bank

Unit-II India's Security: Policy, Perspectives, Problems.

- a. Changing Security Perspectives: form Traditional to non Traditional
- b. Internal and External linkages
- c. Defence Policy- Parameters, Evolution, Problems
- d. India and the Disarmament Regimes- N.P.T, C.T.B.T, Missile Technology Regime, Chemical and Biological Weapons Regimes.
- e. Nuclear Policy; the debate on nuclearization.

Unit-III India's Post-Cold War Relations with:

- a. U.S.A
- b. Russia

Unit-IV India and Regional Blocs

- a. E.U
- b. ASEAN
- c. APEC
- d. AU
- e. SAARC
- f. . NIEO
- g. . U.N Reforms
- h.. Participation and Development.

READINGS:-

1. Ahmed, Imtiaz., *State and Foreign Policy: India's Role in South Asia*, Delhi, Vikas Publishing House Ltd, 1993.
2. Bandyopadhyaya, Jayanta, *The Making of India's Foreign Policy*. New Delhi, Allied, 1970.
3. Bradnock, Robert. *India's Foreign Policy Since 1971*. London., Royal Institute for International Affairs, 1990.
4. Brands, H.W. *India and the United States: The Cold Peace*. Boston, Twayne Publishers, 1990.
5. Choudhury, G.W. *India, Pakistan, Bangladesh and the Major Powers*. New York., The Free Press, 1975.

6. Cohen, Stephen P., and Richard L. Park. *India: Emergent Power?* New York: Crane, Russak and Company, 1978.
7. Damodaran, AX and Rajpai.U.S., (eds.), *Indian Foreign Policy: The Indira Gandhi years*. New Delhi, Radiant, 1990.
8. Ganguly, Sivaji, *U. S.Policy Toward South Asia*, Boulder, Westview,1990.
9. Ganguly, Sumit. *The Origins of War in South Asia*, Boulder, Westview, 1986.
10. Gordon Sandy and Henningham. Srephert (eds.) *India Looks East An Emerging Power and Its Asia-Pacific Neighbours*. The Australian National University. Strategic and Defence Studies Centre, 1995.
11. Gould, Harold A. and Ganguly, Sumit, (eds.), *The Hope and the Reality: U.S - Indian Relations from Roosevelt to Bush*. Boulder. Westview, 1992.
12. Harrison, Selig S. and Subrahmanyam, K.. (eds.) *Superpower Rivalry in the Indian Ocean: Indian and American Perspectives*. New York, Oxford University Press, 1989.

13. ESSAY AND VIVA -(200 MARKS)