

2015

Time : As in Programme

Full Marks : 70

The figures in the right-hand margin indicate marks.

*Answer from **all** the Sections as directed.*

Section – A

(Word Limits :700 – 1000)

Answer any **three** questions : 12×3 = 36

1. Mention the major propositions of Phenomenology.
2. Justify Alfred Schutz as the founder of Phenomenology through his contributions.
3. Describe the methodological propositions made by Goffman.
4. What is Critical Theory ? How does it interpret the society ?
5. Mention the key assumptions of Post-modernism.

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Section – A

(Word Limits :700 – 1000)

Answer any **three** questions : 12×3 = 36

1. Discuss the problems of Unity in India.
2. What is the state of family as an institution in Modern India ? Discuss.
3. Explicate the process of Sanskritization in India.
4. Discuss the laws relating to backward classes in India.
5. Explicate the changing functions of caste in India.

Section – B
(Word Limits : 500)

Answer any **three** questions : $8 \times 3 = 24$

6. Analyse the occupational theory of origin of caste system in India.
7. Describe the types of Hindu marriages recognised by the Smritis with examples.
8. Give a brief account of continuity and change in Indian culture.
9. Examine the social background of reform movements in India.
10. Identify the emerging forms of family in India.

Section – C
(Word Limits :300)

Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

$5 \times 2 = 10$

11. Family Disorganization
12. Christian Marriage and its features
13. Matrilineal Family
14. Brahmo Samaj



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Section – A

(Word Limits :700 – 1000)

Answer any **three** questions : 12×3 = 36

1. Define Mode and discuss its advantages and disadvantages.
2. What is Case Study ? Explain.
3. Analyse the relevance of participatory research in social science.
4. Discuss the procedures of report writing in social research.
5. Give an example of qualitative data format.

Section – B
(Word Limits :500)

Answer any **three** questions : 8×3 = 24

6. Examine the relevance of statistics in social research.
7. Justify the importance of reliability in social research.
8. Assess the role of action research in social research.
9. What are the limitations of report writing ? Explain.
10. "Observation is a tool par excellence." Discuss.

Section – C
(Word Limits :300)

Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

5×2 = 10

11. Mean
12. Validity in Quantitative Research
13. Social Research
14. Report Writing in Research

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Section – A

(Word Limits : 700-1000)

Answer any **three** questions : 12×3 = 36

1. Sketch out the historical context of Globalisation.
2. Highlight on the social dimensions of Globalisation.
3. Assess the emerging nature of nation states in the Context of Globalisation.
4. Discuss the role of the World Bank in the era of globalisation.
5. Elaborate the emerging ethos of globalisation.

Section – B
(Word Limits : 500)

Answer any **three** questions : 8×3 = 24

6. Mention the distinctive characteristics of globalisation.
7. Analyse the economic consequences of globalisation.
8. “Neo-liberalism is giving birth to the concept of global capitalism”. Elaborate.
9. Assess the upcoming roles of NGOs in welfare and development in the period following globalisation.
10. Mention the gender impacts of globalisation.

Section – C
(Word Limits : 300)

Write short notes on any **two** of the following :
5×2 = 10

11. Cultural dimensions of globalisation
12. Globalisation and cultural homogenization
13. Technology as an instrument of spreading globalisation
14. Globalisation and poverty

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*Answer from **all** the Sections as directed.*

Section – A

(Word Limits :700 – 1000)

Answer any **three** questions : 12×3 = 36

1. Define Rural Sociology and discuss its scope.
2. Briefly write about emergence of Rural Sociology.
3. Define Village Community and delineate its characteristics.
4. Write an essay on “Agrarian and Peasant Social Structure”.
5. Critically evaluate the Rural Development programmes implemented in India.

Section – B
(Word Limits : 500)

Answer any **three** questions : 8×3 = 24

6. Explain the development of Rural Sociology during the pre-parnel and parnel period.
7. Write a note on the nature of Rural Sociology.
8. Write the economic and political contrasts noted between rural and urban communities.
9. Critically evaluate the SHG movement in India.
10. Explain the major challenges faced by the PRIs in rural reconstruction.

Section – C
(Word Limits : 300)

Write short notes on any **two** of the following :

5×2 = 10

11. Study of rural social institutions
12. Post-war period and the development of Rural Sociology
13. Naxalbari Movement
14. 73rd Constitutional Amendment Act